



Outline

- Upper Airway Stimulation
- STAR Trial
- Adhere Registry
- Conclusions

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Hypothesis: Unilateral Stimulation of the Hypoglossal Nerve during sleep will safely and effectively treat Obstructive Sleep Apnea

Strollo et al, NEJM 2014 370:139-49





Inclusion / Exclusion Criteria

Inclusion

- AHI between 20 and 50
- Have not accepted or not tolerated CPAP
- Central and mixed sleep apnea accounted for < 25% of all AHI events
- Absence of significant apnea when sleeping in a non-supine position (AHI_{non-supine} > 10)

Exclusion

- BMI > 32
- Neuromuscular diseases
- Severe Co-Morbid Cardiopulmonary Disease
- Other chronic sleep disorders
- Complete concentric collapse at the level of soft palate during drug-induced sedation endoscopy (DISE)

Strollo et al, NEJM 2014 370:139-49







Year F/U: Summary of Outcome Measures					
Outcome	Baseline	Month 12	Month 36	Month 60	
	N	N	N	N	
	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD	
	Median	Median	Median	Median	
AHI	126	124	98	71	
	32.0 ± 11.8	15.3 ± 16.1	11.5 ± 14.0	12.4 ± 16.3	
	29.3	9.0	6.0	6.2	
ODI	126	124	98	71	
	28.9 ± 18.2	14.0 ± 15.6	9.1 ± 11.7	9.9 ± 14.5	
	25.4	7.4	4.8	4.6	
FOSQ	126	123	113	92	
	14.3 ± 3.2	17.3 ± 2.9	17.4 ± 3.5	18.0 ± 2.2	
	14.6	18.2	18.8	18.7	
ESS	126	123	113	92	
	11.6 ± 5.0	7.0 ± 4.3	7.0 ± 5.0	6.9 ± 4.7	
	11	6	6	6	











Adherence and Outcomes of UAS in OSA Registry (ADHERE Registry)

- Study design: International, multi-center registry of consecutive patients who have received an implanted UAS system (Inspire II, Inspire Medical Systems, Maple Grove MN).
- Sample size: Enrollment goal is a total of 2500 patients
- Follow-up interval: Implant through 12-months postimplant

www.clinicaltrials.gov NCT02907398

14 Centers enrolled 508 patients					
ID	Enrolling Center				
1	Munich Technical University				
2	University of Lubeck				
3	Thomas Jefferson University				
4	University-Hospital Mannheim*				
5	University of Pittsburgh*				
6	University of Pennsylvania				
7	University of Alabama				
8	Cleveland Clinic				
9	Kansas University Medical Center				
10	Keck School of Medicine of the University of Southern California				
11	University of Minnesota Fairview Hospital				
12	MedStar Washington Hospital Center				
13	University of Florida Gainesville				
14	University Hospital Cleveland*				
* ST	AR Trial sites	Heiser et al under review			







Additional observations						
Therapy use was high at 12 months						
Post Titration	Post Titration 6.4 <u>+</u> 2.0 hours per night n = 344					
Final Visit	5.7 <u>+</u> 2.2 hours per night	n = 229				
 4% increase in treatment success for each 1-year increase in age 9% reduced odds of treatment success for each one unit increase in BMI 3-fold higher odds of OSA treatment success in women vs men 						
		Heiser et al under review				

CPAP adherence – SAVE trial



Pre-randomization sham CPAP run-in

Potential participants were required to have at least 3 hr/day CPAP use during a 1-week run-in period using sham CPAP

Month	1	3	6	12	24	36	48
Number of patients	1284	1277	1260	1219	1035	710	481
Mean hr/day	4.4	4.1	3.9	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.2
(SD)	(2.2)	(2.3)	(2.4)	(2.4)	(2.6)	(2.7)	(2.7)
Median (iqr)	4.8	4.5	4.2	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.3
	(3.0-6.0)	(2.5-5.8)	(2.0-5.6)	(1.3-5.4)	(0.7-5.6)	(0.3-5.5)	(0.1-5.6)

McEvoy, Antic et al N Engl J Med 2016;375(10):919-931















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Conclusions

- Upper Airway Stimulation is an additional tool for the management of properly selected "at risk" patients who do not accept or adhere to positive pressure therapy
- The STAR Trial has provided robust evidence that upper airway stimulation is safe and effective in participants with moderate to severe OSA
- The treatment effect is maintained beyond the 12 month endpoint
- Preliminary data from the ADHERE Registry reveals favorable UAS adherance

