



Disclosure

I am the Chief Scientist and Sr VP at Itamar Medical and a co-inventor of PAT

Nothing else to disclose



anything new under the Picturesque Sun Guys ?

SDB was Defined by PSG – it is a Synergy

"Polygraphic Study of the Episodic Diurnal and Nocturnal (hypnic and respiratory) Manifestations of the Pickwickian Syndrome." Gastaut H et al, Brain Res. 1965;2:167–86.

And 10 years later comprehensively established:

"The sleep apnea syndromes". Guilleminault, C; Tilkian, A; Dement, WC. Annual Review of Medicine 1976; 27: 465–484.







Dr. Guilleminault

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Emerging innovations over the years

O Challenging the well established PSG

- O The venue (taking it home)
- O The technology (from analog paper recorder to digital PC and more)
- O The physiological channels and interpretations
- O Started as early as the 80's



















Waveform occurrences Delta amplitude and frequency Detta amplitude and freq Apneas Hypopneas Oxygen desaturation Heart rate Periodic leg movements NPT

































Challenging the at Home Limitations – the 21 Century ARES – the Apnea Risk Evaluation System EEG/EOG (frontal electrodes) NAF Snoring SpO2 Head Movement



Dr. Philip Westbrook

Westbrook PR et al, Description and validation of the apnea risk evaluation system: a novel method to diagnose sleep apnea-hypopnea in the home. CHEST 2005

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Taking it to the Patient Home



.....and Its Features

•Automatic analysis • manual editing available

•Clinical Applications:

- inical Applications: AHI (Apnea Hypopnea index) (Apneas + Hypopneas) / total sleep time RDI (Respiratory Disturbance Index) (Apneas + Hypopneas + RERAs) / total sleep time ODI (Oxygen desaturation index) Wake/Sleep detection REM/Deep/Light sleep stages Snoring Body Docision

- Body Position

•Comprehensive Report

•Comfortable - minimal sleep interference

WatchPAT® Screen	 Identified Respiratory Events (Sleep Apnea)
channels change	Respiratory event
1 1	
PAT Signal: Attenuation	
PAT Amplitude:Decrease	
Pulse Rate: Increase	
Oxygen: Desaturation	
Actigraph: Movement	
Snoring : Surge	z lbhi,bhi,bhi,bhi
Position: Supine	
	ftamar



Differentiating beteen Sleep and Wake



- · A 3D accelerometer based actigraphy
- A learning machine pahse of the background movements (energy)
- PAT/Oxi sleep patterns

Multicenter sleep/wake novel algorithm validation

A Novel Adaptive Wrist Actigraphy Algorithm for Sleep-Wake Assessment in Sleep Apnea Patients

an Hedner, MD, PhD1: Giora Pillar, MD, DSc9: Stephen D Pittman MS9: Ding Zou, MD1: Ludger Grote, MD, PhD1: David P White, MD9

Sleep Laboratory, Pulmonary Medicine, Sahigrenska University Hospital, Gothenburg, Sweden, "Sleep Lab, Rambam Medical Center and Techm - Israel Institute of Techmology, Haifa, Israel, "Sleep Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital and Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, USA

Listal Institute of Technology, Hafta, Listal, "Sleep Division, Birgham and Homen's Hospital and Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, USA
 Study Objectives: Current adaptation and approximation of the patients with in idia medical school, Boston, MA, USA
 subjects to 80%, ePKA, and 80% in the patients with nicit medicates and spanny and polynomography and polynomography. The agreement: Simultaneous recording of polynomography. The Measures Listed active sileng panes.
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 Results: The oracleafts with adaptive singe panes.
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A Novel Adaptive Wrist Actigraphy Algorithm for Sleep-Wake Assessment in Sleep Apnea Patients SLEEP 2004:27(8):1560-6

WatchPAT[°] identification of Sleep Stages

1. Step 1 find sleep/wake (First we take Manhattan.



- 1. Step 2 find REM/NREM (and then we take Berlin.....
- 1. Step 3 differentiate between Deep and Light sleep in the NREM epochs (and maybe then Boston...)

WatchPAT REM/Deep/light algorithm description

- O Differential activation (sympathetic vs. parasympathetic) in sleep stages subcortical manifestation
- $\odot~$ 16 features extracted from the PAT signal
- Time and frequency domain analysis of events provides a kind of sympathetic signature
- $\, \odot \,$ A few features can be eyeballed







WatchP	AT®	identifi	es sl	eep st	ages
Sleep stages on WatchPAT [®] report vs. PSG-EEG channel					den alter de salas datas d
Light sleep: high PAT amplitude variability, high pulse rate variability		WMMMAAN amumulaan	under in the second sec	nengen programmente menere entre	MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM
Deep sleep: low PAT amplitude variability, low pulse rate variability		LIGHT EEG antrajorian	→ With With	MW4MA EEG MW4MA EEP →	REM >>
REM sleep: very high PAT amplitude variability, very high pulse rate variability, attenuated PAT amplitude					
					itamar _:





Original Investigation

Diagnosis of Obstructive Sleep Apnea by Peripheral Arterial Tonometry Meta-analysis

Sreeya Yalamanchali, MD; Viken Farajian, MS; Craig Hamilton, MBChB; Thomas R. Pott, MD; Christian G. Samuelson, MD; Michael Friedman, MD

JAMA Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg. doi:10.1001/jamaoto.2013.5338 Published online October 24, 2013.



			Stati	stics			Negative	Positive
urce (Study Setting), (Design)	Subgroup Within Study	Correlation, r Value	Lower Limit (95% CI)	Upper Limit (95% CI)	Z Value	P Value	Correlation	Correlation
llar et al, 17 2000 (L), (B)	AHP	0.820	(0.740	-0.877)	11.035	<.001	-	
enzel et al,18 2002 (L), (B)	AHI	0.656	(0.313	-0.848)	3.334	.001		
r et al,19 2003 (L), (B)	AHP	0.880	(0.826	0.918)	13.480	<.001		
ras et al,20 2003 (L), (B)	AHI	0.870	(0.742	-0.937)	6.927	<.001		
llar et al,21 2003 (L), (B)	AHP	0.870	(0.797	-0.918)	10.748	<.001		-
nzel et al,22 2004 (L), (B)	AHI	0.890	(0.715	-0.960)	5.320	<.001		_
nzel et al,22 2004 (L), (B)	RDI	0.770	(0.459	-0.913)	3.818	<.001		
ttman et al,22 2004 (L), (B)	AHP	0.880	(0.758	-0.943)	7.015	<.001		
ttman et al,23 2004 (L), (B)	AHI	0.720	(0.480	-0.860)	4.628	<.001		
u et al, ²⁴ 2006 (H), (B)	AHI	0.900	(0.854	0.932)	14.349	<.001		
u et al, ²⁴ 2006 (H), (B)	RDI	0.880	(0.826	0.918)	13.409	<.001		-
ing et al, ²⁵ 2007 (L), (B)	AHI	0.929	(0.858	0.965)	8.883	<.001		-
toi et al, 26 2010 (L), (NB)	AHI	0.940	(0.867	0.974)	8.152	<.001		
edner et al,22 2011 (L), (B)	RDI	0.870	(0.834	0.898)	19.962	<.001		
nder et al, 20 2012 (L), (B group 1) AHI	0.920	(0.835	0.962)	8.102	<.001		-
nder et al, 20 2012 (L), (B group 2) AHI	0.940	(0.871	0.973)	8.515	<.001		
eimin et al, 22 2013 (L), (B)	AHI	0.920	(0.833	-0.963)	7.945	<.001		-
iceege et al, ³¹ 2013 (L), (B)	AHI	0.960	(0.939	0.974)	17.621	<.001		
iceege et al, ³¹ 2013 (L), (B)	RDI	0.909	(0.863	-0.940)	13.780	<.001		
verall		0.889	(0.862	-0.911)	24.096	<.001		<
							-0.50 0	00 0.50
							0	orrelation (95% CI)

Sleep Stages Validation Papers

- Hedner J Pillar G, Pittman S, Zou D, Grotte L, White D. A Novel adaptive wrist actigraphy algorithm for Sleep-Wake assessment in sleep apnea patients. SLEEP 2004; 27(8):1560-1566.
- Herscovici S, Pe'er A, Papyan S, Lavie P. Detecting REM sleep from the finger: automatic REM sleep algorithm based on Peripheral Arterial Tone (PAT) and actigraphy. *Physiol Meas 2007; 28(2): 129-140.*
- Bresler M, Sheffy K, Pillar G, Preiszler M, Herscovici S. Differentiating between light and deep sleep stages using an Ambulatory Device Based on Peripheral Arterial Tonometry. *Physiol Meas. 2008; 29(5): 571-584.*
- Hedner White DP, Malhotra A, Herscovici S, Pittman SD, Zou D, Grote L, Pillar G. Sleep staging based on autonomic signals: a multicenter validation study. J Clin Sleep Med 2011; 7:301-306.

Overall sleep stages agreement in the 70-80% range





The Healthcare Post Modernism – the contemporary era

Creating postmodern health care

People modernise health care in an attempt to absorb the effect of rising **need and demand resulting from demographic, technical, and social changes** that lie in the path of every health-care system. To cope, postmodern health will not only have to retain, and improve, the achievements of the modern era, but also respond to the priorities of postmodern society—namely: concern about the values as well as evidence; preoccupation with risk rather than benefit; **the rise of the well-informed patient**.

Muir Gray JA, THE LANCET • Vol 354 • October 30, 1999

Contemporary innovations – the Smartphone era

10 Things You Didn't Know You Can Do with Your Smartphone by Elizabeth Harper on September 08, 2016

in Phone Accessories, Phones and Mobile, Mobile Apps, Tips & How-Tos

Diagnose a leaky window Measure your heart health Drouget, drugk driving

Prevent drunk driving See everything up close Measure your muscles

- Figure out why your check engine light is on Remind you to drink enough water
- Do some math (without a calculator) Improve your basketball skills

Improve your bas Catch a fish

Definitely diagnose sleep in general and SDB in particular













Respiratory effort Blood oxygen































Consumer sleep monitors: is there a baby in the bathwater? K Russo *et al*, Nat Sci Sleep 2015

The rapid expansion of consumer sleep devices is outpacing the validation data necessary to assess the potential use of these devices in clinical and research settings

To place the marketing trends and consumer demand into perspective, we note that a consumer sleep monitor with <u>no published</u> <u>validation</u> was listed among Time Magazine's inventions of the year in 2005

The more widely these products enjoy consumption, the more urgently important it is for all stakeholders to engage in resolving the current state of claim validation mismatch

So where does it take us? Up or Down?

Opportunities

New exciting technologies

Involvement of "supper powers" – resources

Consumer market – expand awareness to sleep



Lack of pivotal validation

Risks

Involvement of "Supper powers" – bias of economical interest

Consumer market – consumers control of medcal procedures

Up or Down?

In other words Optimistic? Pessimistic?



Many Thanks to Colleagues

Dr. Bob Schnall

Late Dr. Daniel Goor

Dr. Peretz lavie

